Ndzwani

Unreached & Unengaged People Group living in the Comoros Islands

Comoros Islands



several smaller ones in the Indian Ocean between Madagascar and Mozambique, Africa.

In 1975, the three largest islands declared their independence from France and were officially named the Federal and Islamic Republic of the Comoros.

The smallest of the four islands, Mayotte, chose to remain a French possession.

Ndzwani communities can be found on all of the islands in the chain, as well as in Madagascar.

They take their name from the particular island on which they live (ie. Anjouan Ndzwani).

Population



Comoros354,000Madagascar14,000Reunion3,500

Livelihood

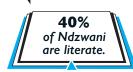
Most of the islanders work as farmers or fishermen, while a few breed cattle, sheep, goats, and donkeys. A small number work in industries or in jobs relating to tourism.

Language

Ndzwani A Swahili dialect Primary language

> Maore National language

Arabic
Used in schools



Religion



Islam 99%



Other <1%



Christian < 1%

Most Ndzwani are
Shafiite Muslims, yet
mosque attendance is
very low. Occultism
and spirit possession are
often mixed with Islam.
Polygamy is an accepted
practice.

Daily Struggles

Major problems for the Ndzwani include poverty, disease, hunger, poor water supply, lack of hygiene and a shortage of hospitals or doctors. Many people suffer from illnesses and malnutrition. Children are expected to help on the farm so many do not go to school, causing illiteracy.

There are high death rates, especially among young children.

Engaging with God

Traditionally, the Ndzwani have been very resistant to any kind of religious change. Their commitment to Islam and occult practices has made them difficult to reach. They are becoming more receptive.

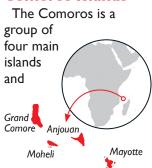


Sources: joshuaproject.net and everyculture.com

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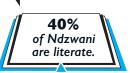
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