

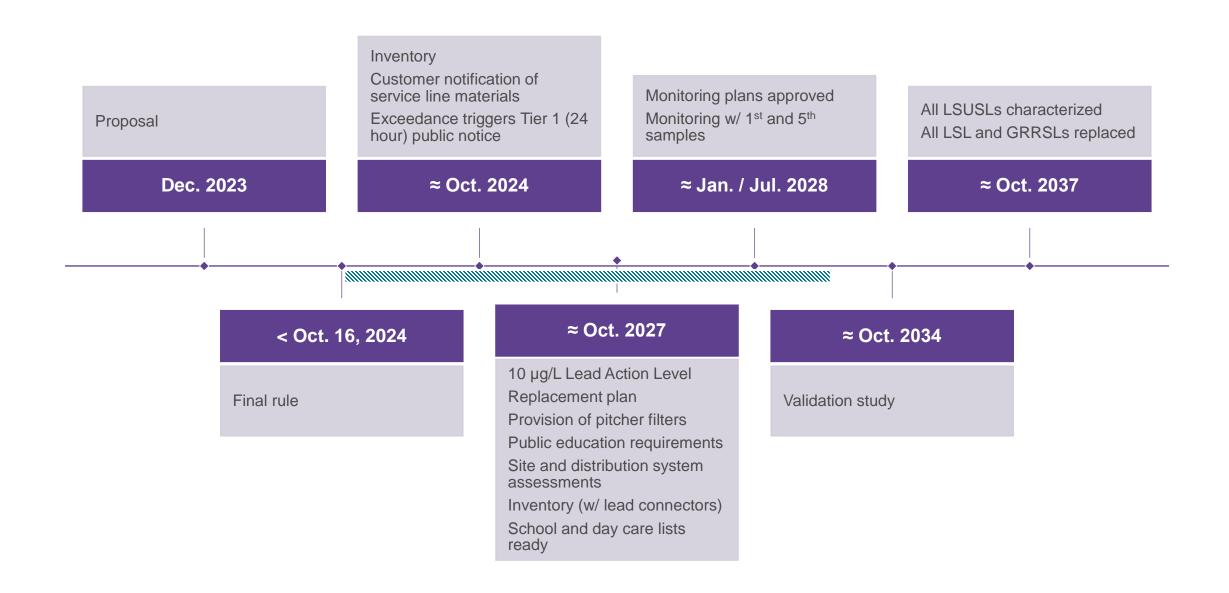
Important Positive Developments

- Final LCRI will almost wholly replace LCRR and complying with both will not be required
- Separates service line replacement from trigger for evaluation of corrosion control practice
- ♦ Comports with SDWA expectation for compliance beginning 3 years after promulgation
- ♦ EPA retains treatment technique



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Schedule (assuming rulemaking proceeds on schedule)



Compliance Challenge

Challenge

- ♦ Systems must comply with LCRR until LCRI is effective. LCRR deadlines begin in Oct. 2024
- Systems do not have any surety the agency will make transition to LCRI

Situation

- EPA has not postponed LCRR compliance dates
 - ♦ Comment period ends Feb 5
 - ♦ OMB 90 days review period
 - Final rule effective after 60 days (subject to challenge)
 - LCRR compliance begins Oct 16
- ◆ EPA has ≈ 100 workdays to take comment into account
- ► EPA has ≈ 6½ months to promulgate rule

Universe of Regulated Systems

	CWSs		
System Size (Population Served)	Ground Water	Surface Water	Total
•	Α	В	C = A + B
≤100	10,809	923	11,732
101–500	13,028	2,056	15,084
501–1,000	4,168	1,162	5,330
1,001-3,300	5,502	2,465	7,967
3,301–10,000	2,795	2,231	5,026
10,001–50,000	1,365	2,009	3,374
50,001-100,000	161	410	571
100,001–1M	74	347	421
> 1M	2	22	24
TOTAL	37,904	11,625	49,529

	NTNCWSs			
System Size (Population Served)	Ground Water	Surface Water	Total	
	Α	В	C = A + B	
≤100	8,138	250	8,388	
101–500	6,133	247	6,380	
501–1,000	1,489	89	1,578	
1,001-3,300	752	119	871	
3,301–10,000	103	59	162	
10,001-50,000	18	19	37	
50,001-100,000	0	1	1	
100,001–1M	0	1	1	
> 1M	0	0	0	
TOTAL	16,633	785	17,418	

Treatment Technique

- Expanded corrosion control
 - ♦ 10 μg/L 90th percentile
 - Revised sampling protocol for lead - 1st and 5th L (at LSL sites)
 - Revised Sampling Pool Tiers
 - ▲ Addition of galvanized pipes (Tier 3)

- Addition of Service line replacement
 - Inventory expanded to include lead connectors
 - All lead and galvanized requiring replacement service lines replaced in 10 years
 - Annual replacement rate (10%)
 - Provision of pitcher filters (expanded)
- Expanded public education

Key Issue for Service Line Replacement





All systems remove all LSLs and GRRSLs CWS controls completely

10-year window

10% per year with 3-year rolling average replacement rate

Logistics of Implementation

Service Line Replacement

- Number of "unknown" service lines significantly affects ability to comply
- PWSs that serve small communities require property owner collaboration
- Staff to handle logistics and required documentation as well as actual field crews to replace service lines
- Total cost per service line removed is substantial

Public Education

- Correct and current addresses of property owners and customers is essential
- Adequate stocks of pitcher filters to meet timeframes
- Access to postal services to meet timeframes

Small Entity Challenges

- Proposed LCRI LSL and GRRSL replacement provisions apply to small entities
- All regulated systems are on the same compliance schedule
- No clear sideboards for primacy agency oversight of corrosion control
- Lack of clear technical documentation leaves standard of care uncertain
- Remaining small system flexibility is very hard to utilize

- Larger small community and noncommunity systems are treated differently in Proposed LCRI
- Paperwork burden will lead to high violation rates

Economic Analysis does not account for corrosion control decisions by primacy agencies; assumes minimal economic consequences

LCRI Comment Period

- ▶ Released Nov 30, 2023
- ▶ Published Dec 6, 2023
- ▶ Public hearing Jan 16, 2024
- ♦ Comments due Feb 5, 2024

Submit comments to www.regulations.gov

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