

# INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION OF VINE AND WINE

# STATE OF THE GLOBAL WINE SECTOR

OIV – Private Sector Strategic Dialogue Paris (France)

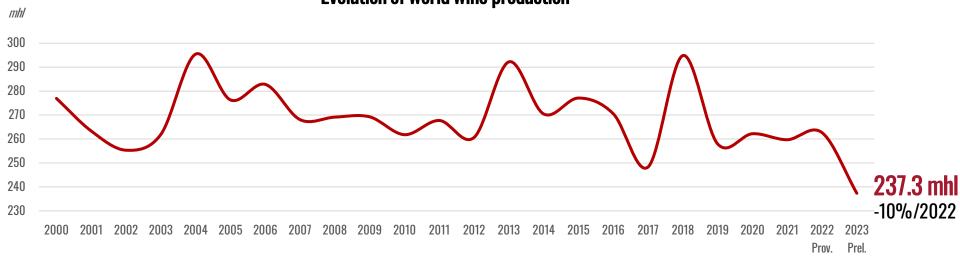
7 October 2024

**Giorgio Delgrosso**, Head of Statistics and Digital Transformation Department (OIV)



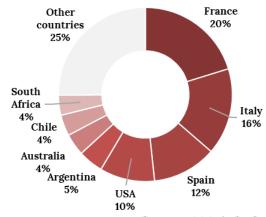
# Wine Production





In 2023, extreme climatic conditions and widespread fungal diseases severely impacted many vineyards worldwide, culminating in a **historically low global wine production of 237 million hectolitres.** This marked a **10% drop from 2022** and represented the **lowest output since 1961.** 

Very low production volumes were recorded in both the EU (145 mhl, -11%/2022) and the Southern Hemisphere (47 mhl, -15%/2022).

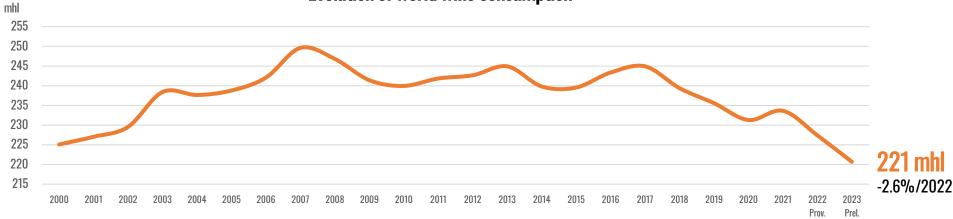






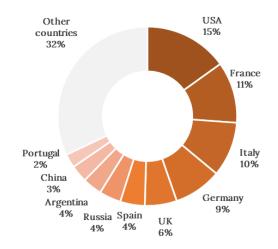
# **Wine Consumption**

# **Evolution of world wine consumption**



Global wine consumption in 2023 is estimated at **221 million hectolitres**, indicating a decrease of **2.6% compared to 2022's already low figures**. The spike in production and distribution costs, driven by **inflationary pressures**, led to higher wine prices for consumers, who were already dealing with diminished purchasing power. Despite these challenges, **a few major markets demonstrated resilience**.

More than two-thirds (68%) of global consumption is concentrated in the top 10 markets, with the top 5 consuming countries representing 51% of the world total. The EU (107 mhl, -2%/2022) accounts for 48%.

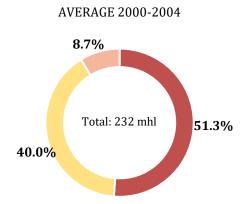


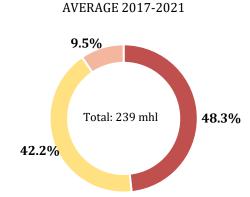


# **Evolution of global wine consumption by colour** mhl 140 120 112 mhl 100 mhl 100 80 60 40 **23 mhl** 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 Red White Rosé

In 2021, world **red** wine consumption reached **112 mhl** (**47%**), followed by **white** wine at **100 mhl** (**43%**) and **rosé** wine at **23 mhl** (**10%**). Unlike production, white wine consumption has not overtaken red wine. This is because most of the wine destined for industrial uses (distillation, production of vinegar, wine-based beverages, etc.) is white

# **Wine Consumption**

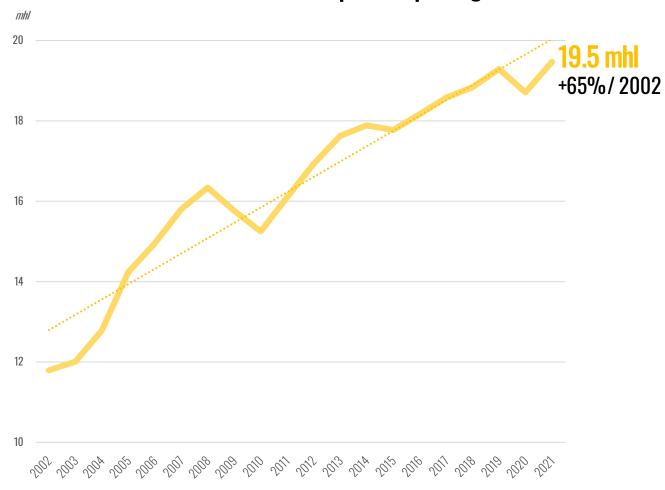






# Wine Consumption

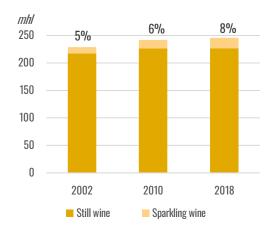
# **Evolution of world consumption of sparkling wine**



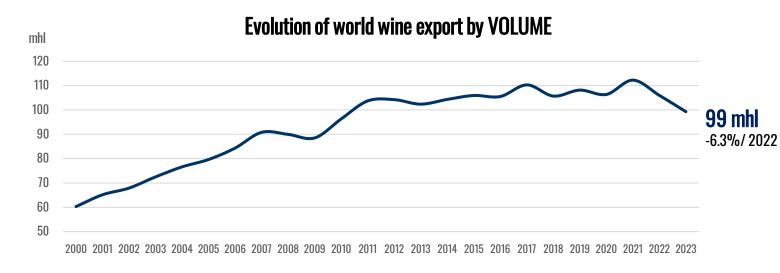
In 2021 global sparkling wine consumption reached 19.5 mhl, +65% since 2002.

In terms of the relative weight of sparkling wines in overall wine consumption, while in 2002 it was at 5% in 2018 sparkling wines represent about 8% of total wine consumption.

### Share of sparkling wine in world wine consumption

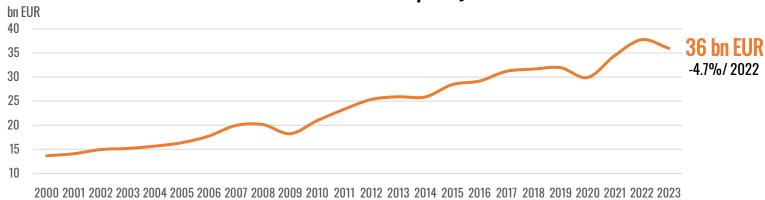






World wine exports in 2023 have decreased by 6.3% in volume compared to 2022, recording the lowest volume since 2010.

# **Evolution of world wine export by VALUE**

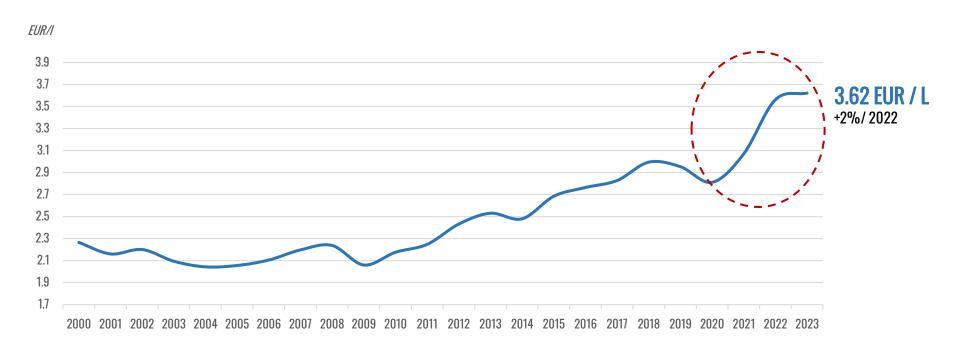


Despite a **4.7% decrease** compared to the record high of 2022, the global wine export value in 2023 reached **36.0** billion EUR, the second highest ever recorded.



# **International Trade in Wine**

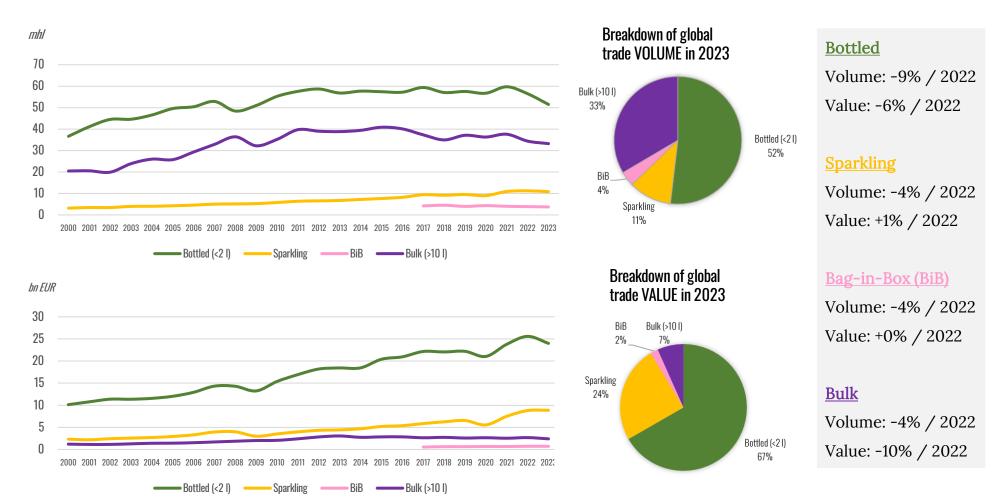
## **Evolution of world average export price**



The average world export price of wine in 2023 peaked at 3.62 EUR/L, the highest ever recorded. This represents a significant increase of 29% since 2020. This rise in prices primarily stems from higher costs incurred by producers, importers, and distributors, a direct consequence of global inflationary pressures.



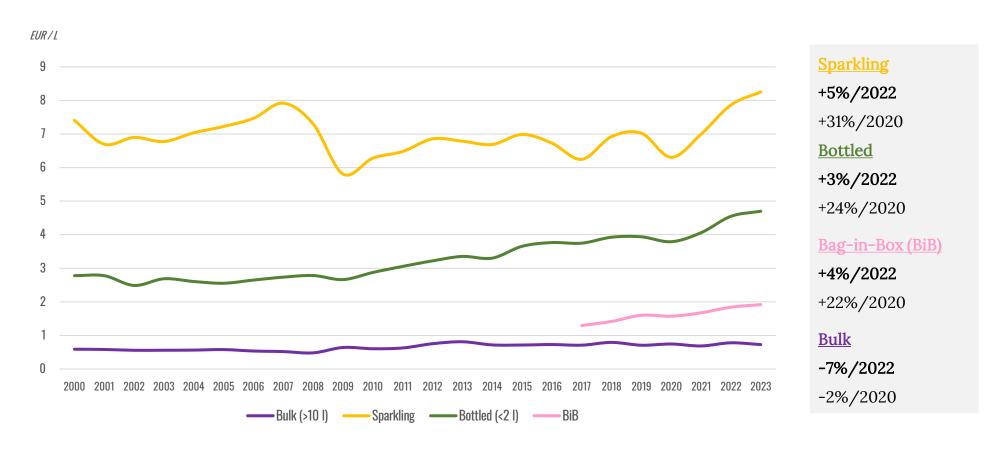
# **International Trade in Wine**





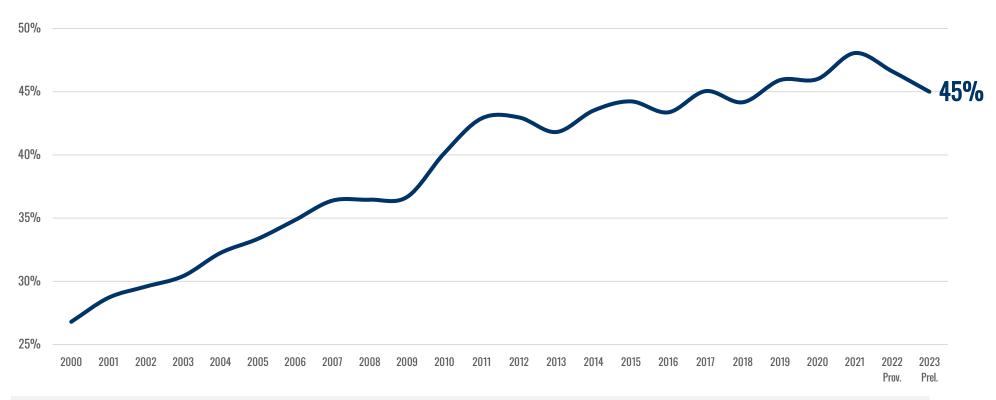


# **Evolution of world average export price by category**





# Market Internationalisation Index



Wine market internationalisation index = ratio between the volumes of world wine exports and world wine consumption

→ 45% of the wine consumed worldwide in 2023 is imported wine, a sign that the world wine market is highly globalised



# #OIV100 THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION OF VINE AND WINE



International Year of Vine and Wine 1924 • 2024