Strengthening Primary Care: HHS Issue Brief and CTC-RI

Judith Steinberg, MD MPH

HHS Initiative to Strengthen Primary Health Care

Launch

 September 2021; coordinated by the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health (OASH)

Aim

- Strengthen the federal foundation
 - For the provision of whole person primary care in our nation
 - To improve the health of individuals, families, and communities
 - To improve health equity

First Deliverable

- Coordinated set of HHS-wide actions
- HHS Issue Brief to Strengthen Primary Care

Collaborating HHS Agencies

- Administration for Children and Families
- Administration for Community Living
- Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response
- Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality
- Centers for Disease Control
- Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
- Food and Drug Administration
- Health Resources and Services Administration
- Indian Health Services
- National Institutes of Health
- Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health
- Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation
- Office of the National Coordinator of Health Information Technology
- Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

HHS Issue Brief to Strengthen Primary Care

- Publicly released, November 2023
- Aim:
 - Share HHS primary care activities and foster collective action among stakeholders
- Overview of actions taken by HHS and planned actions to strengthen primary care
- Actions aligned with 2021 NASEM primary care report

HHS Issue Brief: Highlights of Actions

New value-based care and payment models to support whole-person care

- CMMI models: Making Care Primary, AHEAD
- CMMI Primary Care Strategy: Medicare Shared Savings Program as a platform for primary care hybrid payment - scaling and sustainability
- CMS approval of a Section 1115 Demonstration for Massachusetts Medicaid that includes a value-based primary care prospective payment for Massachusetts Medicaid Accountable Care Organizations.
- Use of social risk adjustment in CMMI models
- Support for provider-to-provider consultations

Medicare Physician Fee Schedule

- Payment for community health workers and navigators; assessing and addressing unmet social needs
- Additional payment for visits where a provider is longitudinally treating a patient's single, serious, or complex chronic condition
- Maintenance of telehealth flexibilities for FQHCs and rural health clinics (thru Dec 2024)

HHS Issue Brief: Highlights of Actions

Primary Care Workforce

- Increased funding for loan repayment, scholarships, community-based primary care residencies
- Community health worker training, apprenticeships, and scholarships
- Supporting the training and certification of community health workers, peer support counselors, and public health aides in Indian Country
- Preparing community health workers to connect people to primary care and support continuous, long-term relationships with primary care
- Support for health workforce well-being
- Support for the nursing workforce

Highlights of Actions

Access

- CMS accountable care goals and Medicaid/CHIP access and equity strategy
- Promotion of patient and community advisory boards in NOFOs
- Grant funded programs to enhance partnerships between public health departments, community-based organizations, and primary care providers.
- Advancement of community care hubs through infrastructure funding as well as a National Learning Community and other technical assistance

Behavioral Health and Primary Care Integration

- Medicare reimbursement for behavioral health providers on multidisciplinary teams
- Virtual access for pediatric practices to mental health care teams
- HRSA funding for behavioral health training of primary care clinicians, including through the Integrated Substance Use Disorder Training Program
- Expansion of primary health care with mental health services in schoolbased health centers

Highlights of Actions

Health IT and Digital Health

- Development and implementation of national standards for health data interoperability
- High-speed internet for rural residents/businesses
- State/territory digital health equity plans
- Support for HIE between primary care providers and community-based organizations pharmacies, public health departments, clinical labs and other clinical settings
- Reduction in regulatory and administrative burdens relating to the use of health information technology and electronic health records, including for prior authorizations

Highlights of Actions

Primary Care Research

- Support for community-led research on interventions to address social determinants of health
- Development and implementation of an HHS Primary Care Research Strategy
- Tracking primary care research funded by the AHRQ and the National Institutes of Health (NIH)

Where do we go from here? Build on HHS Actions

- Engage on CMMI primary care strategy MSSP as a platform for transformation sustainability
- Replicate MA Medicaid Section 1115 Demonstration- a value-based primary care prospective payment for Massachusetts Medicaid Accountable Care Organizations
- Study the flow down of hybrid payments to frontline primary care providers and teams
- Increase investment in primary care and align incentives Build from the AHEAD model
- Next steps from AHRQ technical brief on primary care spending measures
 - CMS measure primary care spend (note this is being done in CMMI models)
 - Development of a primary care workforce registry
- Scale and optimize HRSA workforce programs; optimize GME
- Build on NIH tracking primary care research and HHS developing a primary care research agenda - next step, investing more

HHS Primary Care Dashboard

Purpose:

► Monitor the "health" of the primary care system in our nation and the impact of actions HHS takes to strengthen primary care

► First phase aim:

- ▶ Identification of metrics to include in an HHS Primary Care Dashboard
- ▶ Where do we go from here:
 - ► Make the Dashboard a federal priority funding support, Congressional directive, Executive Order
 - Address data gaps:
 - ▶ Improve the usual source of care measure
 - ► Collect data on: primary care visit wait times; subpopulations to stratify data for health equity; patient experience; provider experience; primary care compensation and flow down; workforce disciplines and diversity